# EUROPE.

Prance Seriously Excited by the Italian Complications.

Napoleon's Diplomacy as Interpreted by the People.

Garibaldi's Manifestoes, Military and Religious.

Earl Derby and Lord Stanley on England's Position.

Views of the Premier on the Working of the Reform Bill.

The Canard steamship Russia, Captain Cook, which left Liverpool at noon on the 19th and Queenstown on the 20th of October, arrived at this port at an early hour yesterday morning, bringing our special corre-pondence and European files, in detail of our cable tespetches, dated to the 19th of October.

hen the Russia left Queenstown the Italian question the all pervading topic of the centinental press and the relations of France and Italy were regarded as on at Rome, and the belief was int ntervention took place is would be a joint occupation of flome by French and Italian troops.

The revenue tables of France for the first nine months

of the present year have been published in Paris. The figures show a failing off in consumption of taxable articles. The increase of receipts has fallen to 6,706,000f., as compared with the corresponding period of 1886, instead of 40,000,000f. or 50,000,000f., as estimated in the budget. During the nine months ended the 80th of Esptember last the produce of the indirect taxes other than the form the produce of the indirect taxes other than the form the produce of the indirect taxes. se other than that from sugar, was 842,781,000f.

ng an augmentation of 10,493,000f. Sugar, on the 79,842,000f. last year. It thus results that the general increase is only 6,750,000f. The principal arti-cles which have produced an increase are—registra-tion and other dues, 9,890,000,000f.; stamps, 2,668,000; tobacco, 5,738,000, and Post Office, 2,763,000. The falling off is chiefly on navigation dues, 2,753,000. The falling off is chiefly on navigation dues, 2,873,000; portable liquors, 6,887,000; miscellaneous, 1,693,000. Compared with the results of the first nine months of 1865, there is in favor of the present year a total augmentation of 65,000,000, of which 47,000,000 arise from other than the sugar duties. The increase is chiefly on the regis-tration dues, the stamps, costoms, excise on liquors and tobacco, and the Post Office.

The Nord-Scalescig Tidende, of Haderaleben, asserts that the negotiations between Prussia and Denmark for

settlement of the North Schleswig question are based upon a proposal of Prussia that the Dano-Prussian fron-tier line in Schleswig be drawn between Hadersleben

e new federal flag of Germany has been recognized France, England, Sweden and Norway, Italy, Austria d Spain. From the other scafaring Powers the like rily expected.

It is asserted that the military authorities in interior is and have been ordered to prepare for putting the rireases in a state of defence. The kingdom of Poland is just been officially mentioned for the first time as just been officially mentioned for the first time as t of the Russian empire. In a recent ukase of the or there occurs the phrase, "In the kingdom and the er parts of the State." To practically follow up thus

The charge against Mr. Charles L. Campbell, of th m of Liverpool cotton brokers, Colin Campbell & Son, having obtained £10,500 from the National Bank of under false pretences, under circumstar respool under false pretences, under circumstances eady stated, was continued in the Liverpool Borough lies Court, before Mr. Ruffles, supendiary; Mr. anchor and other lay magistrates. Upon three argus the defendant was committed for trial at the at Liverpool Assizes, bail being accepted, himself in 000 and two sureties in £1,000 each.

The official visits paid by the commanding Admiral-in-

the United States Navy, Admiral D. G. Farraet, to the commanding military and naval authorities Portsmouth, on October 16, on the arrival of the Frankiin at Spithead, was duly returned next day by a visit paid to Admiral Farragut, on board his flagship, by Port Admiral and Naval Commander-in-Chief at Portsmouth, Admiral Sir Thomas Sabine Pasiey; Lieutenant Gensral Sir George Buller, Lieutenant Governor of Ports-mouth and Military Commander-in-Chief, and Admiral Superintendent G. G. Wellersiey. The Lords of the Aduntil nearly five P. M., when they bade adjeu

ewed honors from the American frigate.

The Prince and Princess of Wales returned to England in her health.

age. An attempt was made to fire the police the night of the 18th October with fire thrown

the couside.

Ne King of Prunsis is said to have had a narrow esof his life on a Wurtemburg railway. The train in
the his Majesty was travelling was upset through runtinte a cart drawn by oxen near Gippengen, which
crossing the line. The cart was smashed to pieces,
a child which was inside had its arm crushed. King

m and the Birmingham and Midland Freedry is a Association took place in Birmingham, Eng iand, vroceedings of the day commenced with a public Mr. Edward Gem, the President of the Birsensesian, took the chair, and the large of the wind the meeting was held wy sentirely closely filled with ladies and gentlems n. Among a present were Mr. William Lloy d Garrison, George Thompsen, of London; Mr. William the Mitchell, of Tennessee; Mr. Levi Coffin, F. J. Garrison, General Rick ardson, late of Confederate army; Major 2 aunders, Mr. H. an, of Atalanta; Mr. D. Smith, of Philadelphia; Rev. rice Vince, Rev. R. W. Dale, Mr. Elline Burritt, wican Cousul, and a number 2 f. English clergymen. Rev. S. Bache moved, and the Rev. R. W. Dale add, the following resoly tion:—

int this meeting rejoices to hear of the industry and I condect of the freeder on, and of the success of the extense soft the freeder on, and of the proposal of National Freedment's Aid Union to raise, as a final N. large courtby tions for establishing normal sols or other class' as for training colored teachers, pledges itself to set in subscriptions as will produce a lot at least £3,000. The steamship Great Britain arrived at Liverpool on a 18th of Octs her, after a rapid run of about fifty-rea days from Melbourne, having on board £436.000

The steamship Great Britain arrived at Liverpool on the 18th of Octs her, after a rapid run of about fifty-seven days from Melbourne, having on board £436,000

## THE WAR FOR ROME.

SPECIAL MAIL TELEGRAMS TO THE HERALD. Caribaldi to the People Refore His Release. FLORENCE, Oct. 16, 1897. To-day the following letter from Garibaldi is published

the democratic papers:— Carana, Oct. 10, 1867.

Dana Frience... I am really a prisoner, and I leave you to think in what state of mind, knowing that Menoiti and my friends are fighting on Roman territory.

Move the world so that I may not be left in this

A greeting to all from yours always,

G. GARIBALDI.

Accompanying this letter are the following lines from Signer Basso, Garibaldi's secretary, who accompanied him when he was conveyed to the island:—

CAPRIBA, Oct. 8, 1867.

Dean France-I would write at length, but fear my

fetter would not reach you.

I will only tell you that the commander of the Sessa

the courage, however, to treet us to two to and a volley of six rifes. I can assure y balls whiteled beautifully, although they forte

Italians ought to know thu.

We are guarded within sight. Yours truly,

BASSO.

Garibaldi to the Army of Liberation.

Turin Gasetta publishes the subjoined proclams
from Garibaldi:

Carama, Ool. 8, 1867.

drunk the blood of the liberators with the avidity of the hyena in the cup of your falsehoods; you it is who have been pardoned, with your trained executioners, the pestilential fith of all the sewers of the sanfedisti, Italians, arise! The most solemn and decisive moment of your existence has arrived. Do not coase to protest energetically and uncessingly against the miserable tools of foreign tyranny. Remember, they will make to you promises of opportuneness and better times. Falsehoods! Do not believe them will deceive you for the hundredth time. Then take up arms, and do not lay them down until your standard shall float over the Seven Hills—until you have driven away to their protectors the foul agents of despotism.

GARIBALDI.

Order of the Day to the Army for Rome. The Gazetta di Terino publishes the following order of the day, issued to his troops by Major Ghilleri:—

We must again remind foreigners that Italy is for the Italians, and that he will be in wrong who should have

break the impure alliance of two powers which reason has created distinct, which she wills should remain dis-

and you may rely upon me.
Viva l'Italia! Viva Roma.

## OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

## FRANCE.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.

Pho Italian Complications and Serious Alarm in Paris-Irritating Discussions of the Parties-Growing Difficulties of the Situation-Intervention and War-Lose of National Practice Government Prestige-German Policy.

now, of the criminations and rect iminations passing be tween the religious and secular, the clerical and anti-clerical journals and the details of the varied advice which is lavished upon the government on all hands as to the only real and proper means of solving the Italian

problem.

The uitra cierical journals and party are, of course, desirous of an immediage intervention, while the radical papers are as urgent, in opposing is. The semi-official portion of the presentables "blowing hot and cold," a waiting the returns of the Emperor to Paris before any committing opinion, was expressed.

mained dumb as to the course which the Cabinet had

## THE ITALIAN QUESTION.

in Italy morally impossible, unless it be interaction der a European configration inevitable. Let the Cabi-net of Florence act, and act promptly. It is at present master of the situation.

ort one and of no doubtful rarlike empire. Italy is a to, a thing of yesterday,

## THE POPE'S SAFETY.

## ENGLAND'S POSITION.

Enri Derby and Lord Stanley on the Political Situation at Home and Abroad-Reform— Trades' Unions—The Continental and Ameri-

## THE SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

The "Barbarism" of Free Blacks—The ! Supreme and the White Powerless-dents and Features of the Late Election

If you do not heed this versity you will have to a the consequences. After you have most on the Hu as you have, we are fully determined that you shall need to at the expiration of the time given you. By order of the committee.

If Mouroe is a native of Visina, but has been a of this city for many years. We also learn that Mr. Cecker, a tebacconist, has received a similar letter offence is having discharged some of his negro since the election.

inst., we have flees to that date. The Nico complain that the gre years' monopoly government granted to the house of M. Ar deaux, France, of the sale of all forei liquors throughout the republic, is being at that house ead its agents. The monut begin Se, is most 1, 18-77, and the Franci purchase all the stock in the hands of oil that date at a fair valuation. This they he to do, but still demand the enforcements prohibiting may one but the contrastom liquors. They were also to have agence the republic to supply the trade; still it was tooked, one at Granada and the other trant, to refinue. Some Nicaraguans provide and the other trant, to refinue. Some Nicaraguans provide and the other trant, to refinue. Some Nicaraguans of the discaraguan officials for the purpose of he olaim similar to the Nextons Jecker affair